



## Series RAH-210 Residual Chlorine Analyzer

- Amperometric Measurement
- Available with pH & temperature compensation without buffer chemicals for Free Chlorine
- Free Chlorine, Total Chlorine, Chlorine Dioxide, Bromine, and Iodine
- Includes complete PID control program (standard)
- Provides two analog outputs (selectable between residual, pH, Temperature, and control signals) and one alarm relay
- Optional Data Logger
- Adjustable measurement range
- Continuous Measurement / Fast Response
- Continuous cleaning mechanism



The Series RAH-210 Analyzer makes use of the Amperometric method to determine residual levels in the sample water. The measurement cell consists of large anodic and cathodic electrodes in direct contact with the sample water. The measurement is continuous, not relying on sample and hold methods, thereby allowing for better process control. A continuously driven cleaning system is employed to prevent the build up of impurities on the surface of the electrodes and reduce the need for maintenance.

The Series RAH-210 Free Chlorine Analyzer is available with pH & Temperature compensation performed in software. For applications with stable pH, the known pH value can be manually input for software compensated residual analysis. A gravity driven buffer feed system is also available to inject the required chemicals for measuring Total Chlorine, Chlorine Dioxide, Iodine and Bromine. For Free Chlorine measurement, vinegar can be used as the pH buffer reagent. The measurement range is field adjustable through menu driven digital programming.



# Series RAH-210 Residual Chlorine Analyzer

## Basic Specifications:

### MEASUREMENT

Temperature Range:	0° to 50° C (32° to 122° F)
Sample Water Flow Rate:	500 ml/minute (0.13 GPM or 8 gal/hr)
Sample Pressure:	5 psig (0.3 bar) maximum at inlet point.
Sample Supply:	Continuous. Electrodes must be kept wet with fresh water.
Speed of Response:	4 seconds. Full-scale residual change 90 to 120 seconds.
Sample Water:	Metal ions or corrosion inhibitors effect operation.
Range:	0 to 0.1 to 0 to 20 mg/l (PPM). Field adjustable.
Accuracy:	0.003 mg/l or +/-1% of range, whichever is larger.
Sensitivity:	0.001 mg/l (1 ppb)

### ELECTRICAL

Power Consumption:	10 W max
Power Requirements:	120VAC, 50/60 Hz or 240VAC, 50/60 Hz, single phase
Output Signal:	(2) isolated 4-20 mA (residual, pH, temperature or control)
Relay Contact:	10 Amps @ 120 VAC or 24 VDC, resistive load, 5 Amps @ 240 VAC, resistive load
Input Signal:	4-20 mA (flow input)

### REAGENT REQUIREMENTS

#### Measured Chemical Residual

Free Chlorine (pH Compensated):
Free Chlorine (not pH Compensated):
Total Chlorine:
Chlorine Dioxide:
Bromine Chloride:
Iodine:

#### Reagents Required

None
pH Buffer or CO <sub>2</sub> gas
pH Buffer or CO <sub>2</sub> gas and Potassium Iodide
pH Buffer and Glycine
pH Buffer or CO <sub>2</sub> gas and Potassium Iodide
pH Buffer or CO <sub>2</sub> gas

*NOTE: It is not recommended that Automatic pH compensation be used for applications with sample water of pH 8.5 or higher. In these instances the pH of the sample water should be buffered before entering the residual analyzer.*



INSTRUMENTS

